

## DIAGRAM OF CONNECTIONS BETWEEN CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT GOALS 2030 APPROACHES FOR VOLUNTEER INVOLVING ORGANISATION

### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) ACTION PLAN

#### IDENTIFY STAKEHOLDERS:

Who benefits from the work of the Volunteer Involving Organisation (VIO)?  
Who is adversely affected by the work of the VIO?

#### THEN CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING MATTERS:

<b>7 Principles of Social Responsibility</b>	<b>7 Core Subjects of Social Responsibility</b>
1. Accountability	1. Organisational Governance
2. Transparency	2. Human Rights
3. Ethical Behaviour	3. Labour Practices
4. Respect for stakeholder interests	4. The Environment
5. Respect for the Rule of law	5. Fair Operating Practices
6. Respect for International Norms of Behaviour	6. Consumer Issues
7. Respect for Human Rights	7. Community Involvement and Development

**NOTE:** The 7 Core Subjects function in an interdependent fashion with the 7 Principles of Corporate Social Responsibility and which, in turn, acts as access points between the key stakeholders and the organisation.

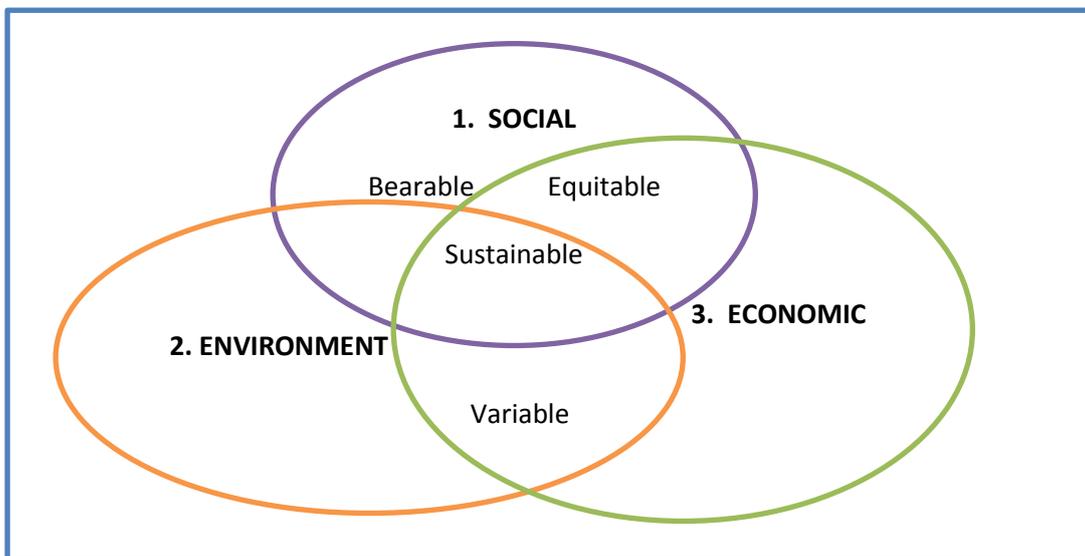
#### The 17 SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT GOALS 2030 (SDGs)

While these goals are not legally binding, they do set out the development priorities which have been agreed to by all countries. The SDG goals can be summed up as the 5 'P's:

1. People: to address poverty and hunger
2. Planet: to protect the planet from degradation, including through sustainable consumption and production
3. Prosperity: to ensure that all human beings can enjoy prosperous and fulfilling lives

4. Peace: to foster peaceful, just and inclusive societies which are free from fear and violence.
5. Partnership: on a spirit of strengthen global solidarity, focused in particular on the needs of the poorest and most vulnerable with the participation of all countries, all stakeholders and all people

These are universal goals and targets which involve the entire world, developed and developing countries alike. They are integrated and indivisible and balance the three dimensions of sustainable Development:



The United Nations Sustainable Development Goals	
Goal 1	End poverty in all its forms everywhere
Goal 2	End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture
Goal 3	Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages
Goal 4	Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all
Goal 5	Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls
Goal 6	Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all
Goal 7	Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all
Goal 8	Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all
Goal 9	Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

### The United Nation Sustainable Development Goals (contd.)

Goal 10	Reduce inequality within and among countries
Goal 11	Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable
Goal 12	Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns
Goal 13	Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts
Goal 14	Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development
Goal 15	Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss
Goal 16	Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels
Goal 17	Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development

In addition to the 17 UN Sustainable Goals there are 169 ancillary targets which are noted in the UN publication - Transforming Our World – The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. The UN acknowledges in that document that the Sustainable Development Goals are a “supremely ambitious and transformational vision.” The publication also defines the means of implementation of the SDGs. Additionally it acknowledges that such actions require peace and security in society. The goals are aspirational for all organisations/nations. The goals can be implemented in different ways and in different modes by different organisation/nation. Therefore, there is no ONE way to implement the Sustainable Development Goals.

Therefore, countries and organisations are free to design programs, implement them and comply with the UN Sustainable Development Goals as they see fit and most importantly, as it suits them, and enhances their performance as organisation which operate in the Volunteering Involving Organisational space.

Consequently, the SDGs are the *practical means* by which to put the CSR principles into practice.

The Centre for Volunteering has a range of services and resources available for Volunteer Involving Organisations and volunteers. For more information please visit [www.volunteering.com.au](http://www.volunteering.com.au) or contact us on 02 9261 3600.



## References:

1. <http://www.undp.org/content/undp/en/home/sustainable-development-goals.html>
2. [http://www.un.org/ga/search/view\\_doc.asp?symbol=A/RES/70/1](http://www.un.org/ga/search/view_doc.asp?symbol=A/RES/70/1)
3. <https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/post2015/transformingourworld/publication>